



Urban Design *in the* City of Kitchener

MUDR Presentation
May 2010









<u>Direction:</u> long term commitment to urban

design in Kitchener

Themes: density, mixed use, community

focal points, transit, accessibility

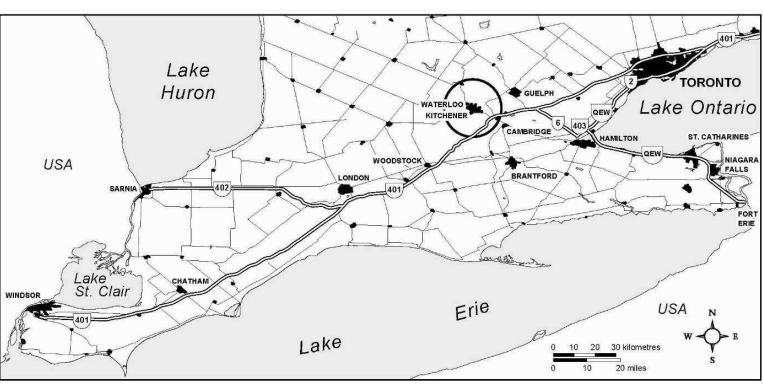
Tools: urban design manual, design

briefs, financial

Context







- Largest city in Waterloo Region (~230,000)
- Forecast to grow to 313,000 by 2029
- Historically = industrial city now = diverse city







- 1964 Planning Study density targets:
 - City Centre = up to 120 persons/ha by 2000
 - Near shopping centres = up to 100 p/ha
 - Suburban = up to 60 p/ha
- 1966-73 Planning Studies:
 - Plan for a range of dwelling types, including high density and mixed use
 - "places to live, work, play"





Long Term Commitment

Official Plan Policy:

- "Every portion of the neighbourhood should be within walking distance of a neighbourhood park"
- Promotes apartments above commercial
- Encourages central areas to be 245-370 p/ha and greenfield at 75 p/ha
- Projects future development 70% multiples,
 30% singles
- Promotes increased public transit vs. car usage
- Environmental design section
- Arterial intersection = no more than 2 drive-thrus

Long Term Commitment





1967

Includes "Urban Design"

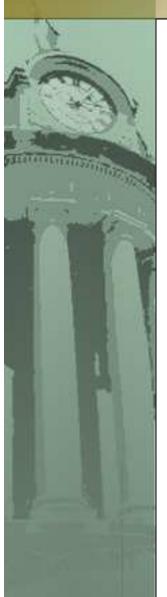
The policies referenced preparing <u>design concepts</u> for major development projects and that good design is a prerequisite for all projects, maintaining the existing topography, protection of trees, neighbourhood and community centres as a focal point, sign controls, heritage preservation, and "the City shall be a place for people".





Long Term Commitment

- 1979 Official Plan
 - includes Urban Design section
 - create community focal points (centrums) with mixed use
- 1982 Kitchener Transit
 - Guidelines for the Design of New Residential Developments with Respect to the Provision of Transit Service
- 1994 Official Plan
 - compact, urban form that is transit supportive
 - nodes and corridors
 - brownfields to mixed use
 - pedestrian and cycling priority







- 1998 Nodal Living Report
- 2001 New Commercial Policies
 - comprehensive mixed use, urban form and design policies
- 2004 Urban Design Report
 - Council resolution for urban design based approach to city building: Kitchener by Design











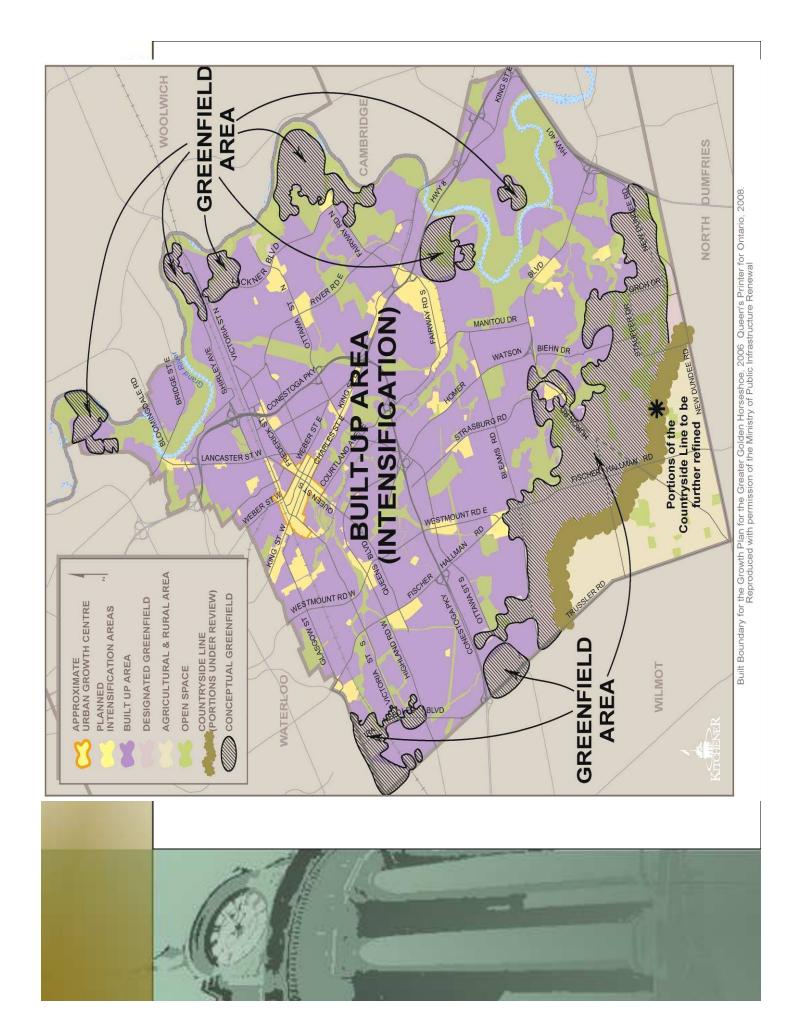


- Diversity
- Rapid transit, TDM and parking
- Parks
- Water management
- Design details
- "Green" buildings





City of Kitchener buildings to be LEED Gold







City-led Projects

Growth Management Strategy and Plan

www.kitchener.ca/kgms

- New Official Plan:
 - Comprehensive Review of Intensification Areas
 - SW Kitchener Community Master Plan

www.kitchener.ca/officialplan

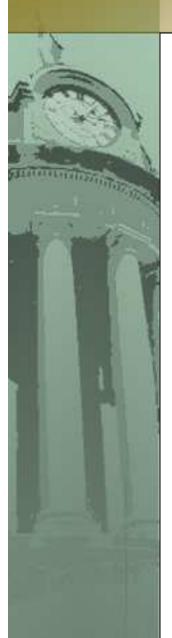




Urban Design Guidelines and Current Initiatives







- Detailed Urban Design Policies in 1994 Official Plan
- Two separate areas being City Wide and Downtown
- 2007 deleted Downtown section and made it a whole chapter recognizing the 4 separate Design Districts

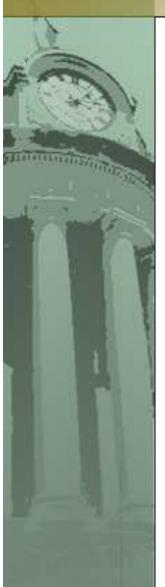
Downtown Design Districts











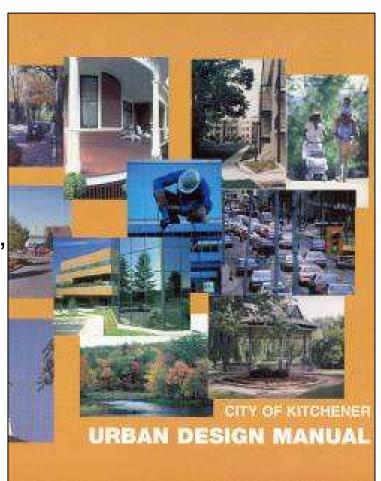
• 3D Visualization of Downtown Density





 Draft in 1993, final version in 1999

- Includes guidelines for transit, landscaping, accessibility, parking, etc.
- Suburban Design, Site Plan, Mixed Use Corridors, Drivethus
- Establishes development expectations







- 2010 Revisions to UDM
- 2011 Revised OP with new Urban Design Section

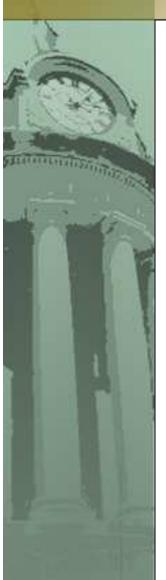


UDM





- Excepted by Consultants
- Buy in by them
- Forces them to be more creative in their designs
- Results in a lot less negotiations



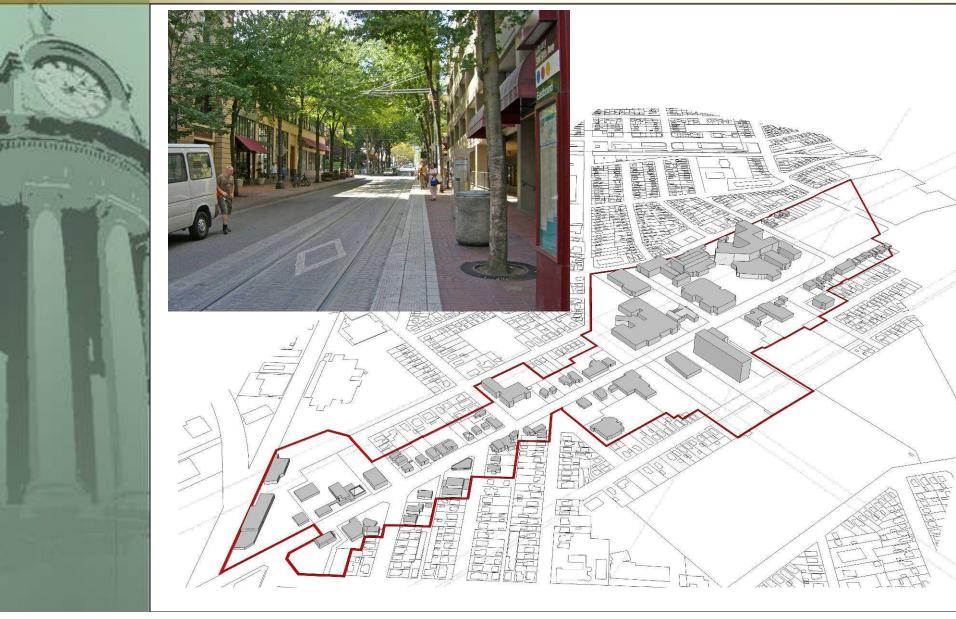


Mixed Use Corridors

- Primarily entrance streets to downtown
- High Density mixed use zoning -1994
- Designated in the Official Plan as focal points for transit-supportive intensification- 2001"
- Design Guidelines in place
- Updated zoning partially complete



Mixed Use Corridors

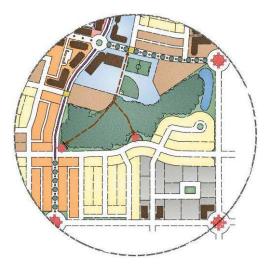




Suburban Design



- UDM includes guidelines for:
 - Community Design
 - Neighbourhood Design
 - Design Brief for Suburban Development and Neighbourhood Mixed Use Centres









Primary Design Objectives

Walkability
Variety
Placemaking
Conservation
Connectivity
Transit Supportive
Safety
Balance
Liveability

Neighbourhood Design:

Design Brief for Suburban Development & Neighbourhood Mixed Use Centres

A Committed Approach to Healthy Communities

The City of Kitchener is committed to ensuring residents continue to enjoy a high quality of life through the development of complete communities – communities that are well-designed, offer transportation choices, have the right mix of housing, a good range of jobs, and easy access to stores and services to meet daily needs.







Site Plans/Design Briefs

- 100+ Site Plan Projects a year
- Large Scale prominent projects require Design Briefs upfront



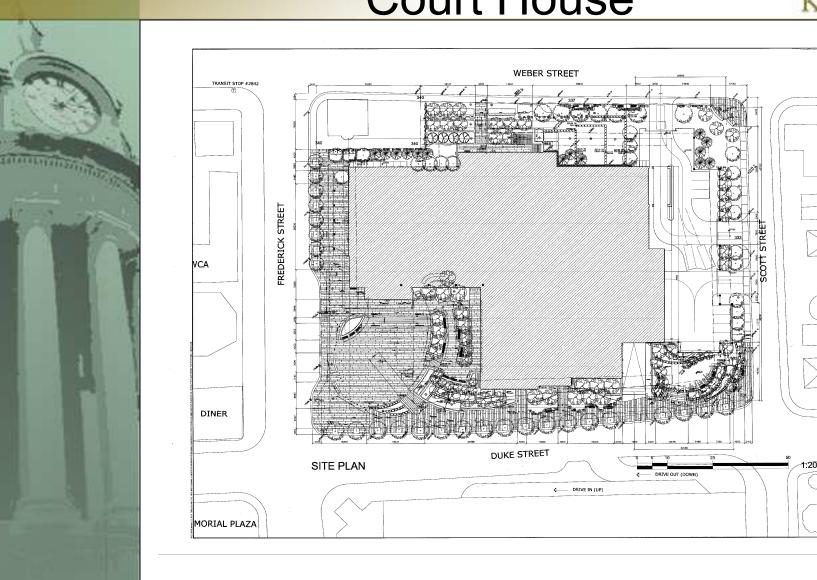
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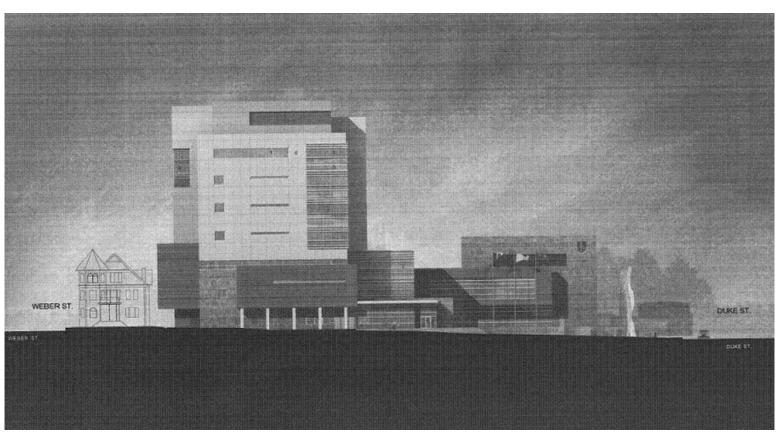
Court House





















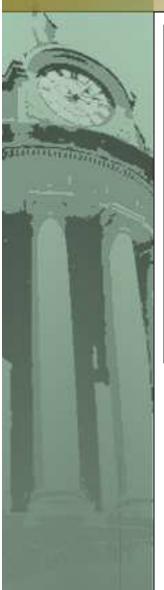
Lenore's Lane















Design Briefs



- These Design Briefs let us establish a high base line for the detailing of the site.
- Establishes massing, pedestrian and vehicular routes, landscape areas, connectivity, transit, parking, signage, architecture style
- Time well spent upfront
- A lot less latitude at later stages

UD Budget



- \$100,000.00/year
- Purpose is to enhance the public realm





King St Reconstruction





First phase of reconstruction complete,

Pedestrian oriented flexible right of way design,

Green elements key design focus including bio-swales and tree pits,

Upgraded pedestrian scale lighting incorporated successfully to delineate Downtown District,





Fairway Road



EDIF





- Economic Development Investment Fund
- Purpose invest in infrastructure that will help create jobs in emerging non manufacturing facilities
- Health Science and Digital Media















Adaptive reuse project,
HIA related to partial
demolition
Enhanced streetscape
Mixed use development
Currently site is developing in
phased manner with
integrated approach







 30 million dollar investment in the School of Pharmacy help leverage Kaufman Lofts, Lang Tannery, Shoppers Drug Mart, Collins & Aikmans

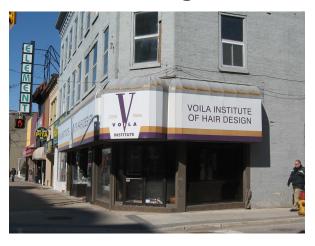




Façade Grant Program



- Face lift storefronts in the Downtown
- Strict Design Guidelines









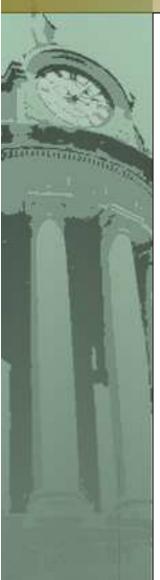




• <u>CPTED</u>

- "the proper design and effective use of the built environment can reduce crime and the fear associated with crime and improve the quality of life" as coined by the late Timothy Crowe
- CPTED, Trained staff, specialist, consulting industry
- Requested to be quest speakers and lecturer at local universities and police force
- Accepted by industry
- Just good urban design





Access Control



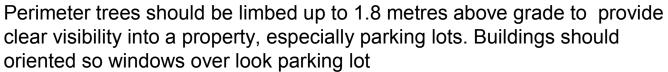
Clearly defined walkways guide people through spaces to the intended destination.



Define public space (sidewalk) from Semi-private space (front yard) and private space (front porch) with soft and hard Landscape elements (plants, ornamental fencing, alternative surface treatments).



Surveillance:









Territorial Reinforcement:





There is no mistaking the entrance to this building. The design of the entrance clearly indicates you are leaving public space and entering private space.



Maintenance:



A well maintained property tells people that someone cares about the property.

Drive-through





- "That the City of Kitchener requires new drive-through facilities to be designed so as to allow pedestrian movement from the street to the building and from the parking lot to the building without crossing the drive-through aisle; alternative designs to be subject to the approval of the Director of Planning."
- Stacking space now 6.5 m vs. 5.5m
- Separation distance from other uses





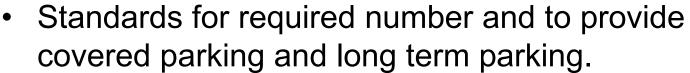


- Night sky compliant
- Re-defined light levels



Bike Parking

















Summary





- Kitchener incorporates urban design into the planning framework through:
 - Official Plan Policies
 - Urban Design Manual
 - Design Briefs
 - Downtown Strategic Plan
 - Culture Plan
 - Heritage Conservation Districts
 - Financial Considerations
 - Streetscape Improvements

