## **Building Permit Application Requirements for:** Residential New Building or Addition Application Project Address : Prescribed Building Permit Application Forms (<u>link to Building Permit Application Form</u>) 2 Supplementary Information Form (link to Supplementary Information Form) 3 Zoning By-law (City of Mississauga) - your proposal must be in general compliance with the requirements of Zoning By-law. You can view the Zoning By-law requirements online (link to Zoning By-law) 4 Designer / Firm BCIN Information and Undertaking - on Schedule 1 of the Building Permit Application Form and on all drawings submitted in support of the application. An owner of a property is permitted to design a residential project intended for their own use and is exempt from compliance to the Provincial Qualifications and Registration requirements as set out by the OBC. This portion of the Building Permit form is only required if you are employing a Designer. Note: If you have multiple Designers, then a completed and signed Schedule 1 form is required for each Designer. 5 Applicable Law Form and Approvals (link to Applicable Law Form) Confirmation from other approval agencies or approvals that may be required before you can apply for a Complete Application. Below is a list of the most common ones: 6 Site Plan Approval (City of Mississauga) - You can check this online by using the Planning and Building eServices to look up your Property Conservation Authorities - Your property may within a jurisdictional area or natural area. You need to ${\it check\ with\ the\ specific\ Conservation\ Authority\ to\ determine\ this.\ \underline{\it Credit\ Valley\ Conservation\ Authority}}$ or Toronto Region Conservation Authority. 8 Committee of Adjustment (City of Mississauga) - if you have a Zoning By-law minor variance application, it needs to be final before you can submit. You can check this online by using the Planning and Building eServices to look up your Property 9 Heritage Approval (City of Mississauga) - in some rare cases, your property maybe listed or designated by by-law as having historical significance. You can check this online by using the Planning and Building eServices to look up your Property There are numerous other cases of Applicable Law. You can see the complete list other Applicable Law by 10 Proof of Ownership / Authorization from Owner - if applicant other than owner than you may be required to produce a letter of authorization at the time of application. 11 Required Drawings and Documents - two copies unless noted otherwise. We have detailed examples of submission standards in our Residential Permit Guide ☐ Site Plan dimensioned in Cross Sections (Cross Sections are views through the proposed metric units (Site Plan shows the construction along an imaginary vertical cut line. Cross sections location and dimensions of the illustrate various building components hidden in walls, floors or ceilings. Several cross sections may be required at various locations to proposed construction and any other accurately describe the proposal. The location of a cross section is accessory structures in relation to the property lot lines. Site Statistics identified on the Floor Plans by a section mark); such as lot area, lot coverage, gross Mechanical Documents (HVAC drawings, heat loss/gain floor area, building height must be calculations and duct calculations are required with the permit submission. These are needed to ensure that the proposed HVAC included. Sanitary and storm sewer invert elevations at the property system is adequate to heat and ventilate the building. The furnace line are also required to be shown); capacity is based on the heat loss calculations. Duct calculations ☐ Floor Plans (Floor Plans show ensure proper sizing for the duct system that distributes air); the layout of the building and All Floor Plans must be LEGIBLE, drawn to scale and fully include a foundation/basement plan, dimensioned in either metric or imperial units, with a clear a framing plan for each floor and a identification of EXISTING and PROPOSED construction as well as roof framing plan); the use of all rooms/areas. □ Exterior Elevations (Exterior) Elevations are side views of the building. They are required for all new construction and any other project that affects the exterior of an existing building); 12 Other Required Forms and Documents - where applicable -☐ Energy Efficiency Design Summary Form for compliance with ☐ Tree Injury or Destruction Declaration (<u>link to form</u>); SB-12(link to form); ☐ Engineered Roof Truss and/or ☐ CCMC/BMEC Authorization Reports & Minister's Rulings; Floor System Package; ☐ Roof Truss Layout Review ☐ TARION Warranty Exemption (link to form); Form (<u>link to form</u>); ☐ Single Dwelling Unit Statutory Declaration (*link to form*); ☐ GFA Declarations (*link to* 13 Additional Items to consider - where applicable -Water Receipt - obtained from the Region of Peel for proof of connection approval for all new water/sewer hook-ups); ☐ Private Sewage Systems (if the proposed construction is on a property that is served by a septic system or is not serviced by municipal sewers, in addition to a Building Permit, a permit for the Private Sewage System may be required.) Lot Grading/Road Occupancy/Municipal Services By-law - instruct applicant to contact Development Construction Section of the Transportation and Works Department. Alternative Solution Authorization Form and Alternative Solution Application Form- properly filled out and signed by the Architect, P. Eng. or Code Consultant proposing the Alternative Solution with all supporting documents. (link to Application Form) (link to Authorization Form) 14 **Building Permit Application Fee** - paid in full

Document developed for convenience only. Additional requirements (not listed) may apply depending on the actual scope of work.